























the optimization process. A steady state voltage stability index has been used to assess the stability at each node. A 33-node distribution network has been used for the simulation. Illustrative mesh plots were given in this paper to show the impacts of DGs locations and sizes on the voltage stability and power losses. The proposed algorithm has been used in different scenarios to show the effect of the type and the number of DGs integration on the distributed network. The location, size and type of DGs significantly affect the voltage stability and the power losses. The algorithm proposed in this paper can find a compromise between different objective functions providing useful information for optimal DGs integration.

## 7. References

- [1]. Jenkins N, Allan R, Crossley P, Kirschen D, Strbac G. Embedded generation. London: *Institution of Electrical Engineers*; 2000.
- [2]. IEEE Standard for Interconnecting Distributed Resources with Electric Power Systems, *IEEE Standard 1547-2003(R2008)*, 2003.
- [3]. ZHAN *et al*, “relay protection coordination integrated optimal placement and sizing of dg sources,” *IEEE Transactions on smart grid*, March 30. 2015.
- [4]. Y. M. Atwa and E. F. El-Saadany, “Optimal allocation of ESS in distribution systems with a high penetration of wind energy,” *IEEE Trans. Power Syst.*, vol. 25, no. 4, pp. 1815–1822, Nov. 2010.
- [5]. AL ABRI *et al*, “Optimal placement and sizing method to improve the voltage stability margin,” *IEEE Transactions on power systems*, vol. 28, no. 1, pp. 326–334, February 2013.
- [6]. J. A. Sa’ed, M. K. Jubran, S. Favuzza, F. Massaro, “Reassessment of voltage stability for distribution networks in presence of DG”, *Environment and electrical engineering international conference (EEEIC), IEEE, Florence, Italy*, 2016.
- [7]. J. A. Sa’ed, S. Favuzza, M. G. Ippolito, F. Massaro, “Verifying the Effect of Distributed Generators on Voltage Profile, Power Losses and Protection System in Radial Distribution Networks”, in *IEEE/POWERENG, Istanbul-Turkey*, pp. 1044 – 1049, May 2013.
- [8]. Pavlos S. Georgilakis, Nikos D. Hatziargyriou, “Optimal distributed generation placement in power distribution networks: models, methods, and future research,” *IEEE Transactions on power systems*, vol. 28, no. 3, pp. 3420 – 2428, AUGUST 2013
- [9]. KEANE *et al.*, “State-of-the-Art Techniques and Challenges Ahead for Distributed Generation Planning and Optimization,” *IEEE Transactions on power systems*, August 14, 2012.
- [10]. C.L.T. Borges, and D.M. Falcao, “Impact of distributed generation allocation and sizing on reliability, losses and voltage profile,” *IEEE Bologna Power Technology Conference*, Italy, 2003.
- [11]. T. Gözel and M. H. Hocaoglu, “An analytical method for the sizing and siting of distributed generators in radial systems,” *Elect. Power Syst. Res.*, vol. 79, no. 6, pp. 912–918, Jun. 2009.
- [12]. D. Q. Hung, N. Mithulananthan, and R. C. Bansal, “Analytical expressions for DG allocation in primary distribution networks,” *IEEE Trans. Energy Convers.*, vol. 25, no. 3, pp. 814–820, Sep. 2010.
- [13]. A. Keane and M. O’Malley, “Optimal utilization of distribution networks for energy harvesting,” *IEEE Trans. Power Syst.*, vol.22, no.1, pp. 467–475, Feb. 2007.
- [14]. Y. M. Atwa and E. F. El-Saadany, “Probabilistic approach for optimal allocation of wind-based distributed generation in distribution systems,” *IET Renew. Power Gener.*, vol.5, no.1, pp.79–88, Jan.2011.
- [15]. G. Celli, E. Ghiani, S. Mocci, and F. Pilo, “A multiobjective evolutionary algorithm for the sizing and siting of distributed generation,” *IEEE Trans. Power Syst.*, vol. 20, no. 2, pp. 750–757, May 2005.
- [16]. G. Caprinelli, G. Celli, S. Mocci, F. Pilo, and A. Russo, “Optimisation of embedded generation sizing and siting by using a double trade-off method,” *Proc. Inst. Electr. Eng.—Gener., Transm., Distrib.*, vol. 152, no. 4, pp. 503–513, Jul. 2005.

- [17]. R. K. Singh and S. K. Goswami, "Multi-objective optimization of distributed generation planning using impact indices and trade-off technique," *Elect. Power Compon. Syst.*, vol. 39, no. 11, pp. 1175–1190, Aug. 2011.
- [18]. K.-H. Kim, Y.-J. Lee, S.-B. Rhee, S.-K. Lee, and S.-K. You, "Dispersed generator placement using fuzzy-GA in distribution systems," in *Proc. IEEE Power Eng. Soc. Summer Meeting*, Jul. 2002, pp. 1148–1153.
- [19]. L. F. Ochoa, A. Padilha-Feltrin, and G. P. Harrison, "Time-series-based maximization of distributed wind power generation integration," *IEEE Trans. Energy Convers.*, vol. 23, no. 3, pp. 968–974, Sep. 2008.
- [20]. M. Moghavvemi and M. O. Faruque, "Technique for assessment of voltage stability in ill-conditioned radial distribution network", *IEEE Power Engineering Review*, pp. 58-60, January 2001.
- [21]. G.V.K Murthy, et al, "Voltage Stability Analysis of Radial Distribution Networks with Distributed Generation," *International Journal on Electrical Engineering and Informatics - Volume 6, Number 1*, pp. 195–204, March 2014
- [22]. A. Moeini et al. "Optimal dg allocation in distribution network using Strength pareto multi-objective optimization approach", *International Journal on "Technical and Physical Problems of Engineering" (JTPE)*, Iss. 2, Vol. 2, No. 1, Mar. 2010
- [23]. William H. Kersting, *Distribution system modeling and analysis*, New Mexico, CRC Press, 2002.
- [24]. M. Charkravorty and D. Das, "Voltage stability analysis of radial distribution networks", *International Journal of Electrical Power & Energy Systems*, Vol. 23, No. 2, pp.129-135, 2001.
- [25]. Mohammad Hasan Hemmatpour, Mohsen Mohammadian, Ali-Akbar Gharaveisi, "Simple and efficient method for steady-state voltage stability analysis of islanded microgrids with considering wind turbine generation and frequency deviation", *IET Gener. Transm. Distrib.*, pp. 1–12, 2016.
- [26]. Amaresh Gantayet, Sudipta Mohanty, "An Analytical Approach for Optimal Placement and Sizing of Distributed Generation based on a Combined Voltage Stability Index", *IEEE Power, Communication and Information Technology Conference (PCITC) Siksha 'O' Anusandhan University, Bhubaneswar, India*, 2015.
- [27]. E. Zitzler, "Evolutionary Algorithms for Multiobjective Optimization: Methods and Applications," Ithaca: Shaker, 1999.
- [28]. Philippe Schädler, Juan David Berdugo, Thomas Hanne, "A Distance-Based Pareto Evolutionary Algorithm Based on SPEA for Combinatorial Problems," *4th International Symposium on Computational and Business Intelligence*, pp. 112–117, 2016.
- [29]. SasanGhasemi and Jamal Moshtagh, "Radial distribution systems reconFigureuration considering power losses cost and damage cost due to power supply interruption of consumers," *International Journal on Electrical Engineering and Informatics - Volume 5, Number 3*, pp. 297–315, September 2013.
- [30]. Kyu-Ho Kim et al, "Dispersed Generator Placement using Fuzzy-GA in Distribution Systems," *IEEE*, pp. 1148–1153, 2002.

## 8. Appendix

Line #	Node $i$	Node $j$	R ( $\Omega$ )	X ( $\Omega$ )	Load at node $j$		Line #	Node $i$	Node $j$	R ( $\Omega$ )	X ( $\Omega$ )	Load at node $i$	
					P (kw)	Q (kvar)						P (kw)	Q (kw)
1	1	2	0.0922	0.047	100	60	20	20	21	0.4095	0.4784	90	40
2	2	3	0.493	0.2512	90	40	21	21	22	0.7089	0.9373	90	40
3	3	4	0.3661	0.1864	120	80	22	3	23	0.4512	0.3084	90	50
4	4	5	0.3811	0.1941	60	30	23	24	25	0.8980	0.7091	420	200
5	5	6	0.8190	0.7070	60	20	24	24	25	0.8980	0.7071	420	200
6	6	7	0.1872	0.6188	200	100	25	6	26	0.2031	0.1034	60	25
7	7	8	0.7115	0.2351	200	100	26	26	27	0.2842	0.1474	60	25
8	8	9	1.0299	0.7400	60	20	27	27	28	1.0589	0.9338	60	20
9	9	10	1.044	0.7400	60	20	28	28	29	0.8043	0.7006	120	70
10	10	11	0.1967	0.0651	45	30	29	29	30	.5074	0.2585	200	100
11	11	12	0.3744	0.1298	60	35	30	30	31	0.9745	0.9629	150	70
12	12	13	1.4680	1.1549	60	35	31	31	32	0.3105	0.3619	210	100
13	13	14	0.5416	0.7129	120	80	32	32	33	0.3411	0.5302	60	40
14	14	15	0.5909	0.5260	60	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	15	16	0.7462	0.5449	60	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	16	17	1.2889	1.7210	60	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	17	18	0.7320	0.5739	90	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	2	19	0.1640	0.1565	90	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	19	20	1.5042	1.3555	90	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 2. System data of 12 buses and 11 branches system

Branch no.	Sending end	Receiving end	R (ohms)	X (ohms)	Load at node $i$	
					PL (kW)	QL (kVAR)
1	1	2	1.093	0.455	0	0
2	2	3	1.184	0.494	60	60
3	3	4	2.095	0.873	40	30
4	4	5	3.188	1.329	55	55
5	5	6	1.093	0.455	30	30
6	6	7	1.002	0.417	20	15
7	7	8	4.403	1.215	55	55
8	8	9	5.642	1.597	45	45
9	9	10	2.89	0.818	40	40
10	10	11	1.514	0.428	35	30
11	11	12	1.238	0.351	40	30
					15	15

Table 3. System data for modified 119-bus distribution network

Line #	Node $i$	Node $j$	R ( $\Omega$ )	X ( $\Omega$ )	Load at node $j$		Line #	Node $i$	Node $j$	R ( $\Omega$ )	X ( $\Omega$ )	Load at node $i$	
					P (kw)	Q (kvar)						P (kw)	Q (kw)
1	1	2	0.036	0.01296	101.14	0.12	60	60	61	0.207	0.0747	90.758	0.69
2	2	3	0.033	0.01188	11.292	0.11	61	61	62	0.247	0.8922	47.7	0.823
3	2	4	0.045	0.0162	21.845	0.15	62	31	63	0.187	0.261	369.7	0.623
4	4	5	0.015	0.054	63.602	0.05	63	63	64	0.133	0.099	321.64	0.443
5	5	6	0.015	0.054	68.604	0.05	64	64	65	0.070	0.044	150.64	0.223
6	6	7	0.015	0.0125	61.725	0.05	65	1	66	0.028	0.0418	463.74	0.093
7	7	8	0.018	0.014	11.503	0.06	66	66	67	0.117	0.2016	52.006	0.39
8	8	9	0.021	0.063	51.073	0.07	67	67	68	0.255	0.0918	100.34	0.85
9	2	10	0.166	0.1344	106.77	0.553	68	68	69	0.21	0.0759	193.5	0.7
10	10	11	0.112	0.0789	75.99	0.373	69	69	70	0.383	0.138	26.713	1.277
11	11	12	0.187	0.313	18.687	0.623	70	70	71	0.504	0.3303	25.257	1.68
12	12	13	0.142	0.1512	23.22	0.473	71	71	72	0.4	0.1461	38.713	1.353
13	13	14	0.18	0.118	117.5	0.6	72	72	73	0.962	0.761	395.14	3.207
14	14	15	0.15	0.045	28.79	0.5	73	73	74	0.165	0.06	239.74	0.55
15	15	16	0.16	0.18	26.45	0.533	74	74	75	0.303	0.1092	84.363	1.01
16	16	17	0.157	0.171	25.23	0.523	75	75	76	0.303	0.1092	22.482	1.01
17	11	18	0.218	0.285	11.906	0.727	76	76	77	0.206	0.144	1614.775	110.687
18	18	19	0.118	0.185	78.523	0.393	77	77	78	0.233	0.084	129.817	110.777
19	19	20	0.16	0.196	351.4	0.533	78	78	79	0.591	0.1773	1122.43	111.97
20	20	21	0.12	0.189	164.2	0.4	79	79	80	0.126	0.0453	145.37	110.42
21	21	22	0.12	0.0789	54.594	0.4	80	67	81	0.559	0.3687	223.22	1.863
22	22	23	1.41	0.723	39.65	4.7	81	81	82	0.186	0.1227	162.47	0.62
23	23	24	0.293	0.1348	95.178	0.977	82	82	83	0.186	0.1227	437.92	0.62
24	24	25	0.133	0.104	150.22	0.443	83	83	84	0.26	0.139	183.03	0.867
25	25	26	0.178	0.134	24.62	0.593	84	84	85	0.154	0.148	183.03	0.513
26	26	27	0.178	0.134	24.62	0.593	85	85	86	0.23	0.128	119.29	0.767
27	27	28	0.1866	0.127	53.336	0.622	86	86	87	0.252	0.106	27.96	0.84
28	4	29	0.015	0.0296	522.62	0.05	87	87	88	0.18	0.148	26.515	0.6
29	29	30	0.012	0.0276	59.117	0.04	88	82	89	0.16	0.182	257.16	0.533
30	30	31	0.12	0.2766	99.554	0.4	89	89	90	0.2	0.23	20.6	0.667
31	31	32	0.21	0.243	318.5	0.7	90	90	91	0.16	0.393	11.806	0.533
32	32	33	0.12	0.054	456.14	0.4	91	91	92	0.16	0.393	11.806	0.533
33	33	34	0.178	0.234	136.79	0.593	92	68	93	0.669	0.2412	42.96	2.23
34	34	35	0.178	0.234	83.302	0.593	93	93	94	0.266	0.1227	34.93	0.887
35	35	36	0.154	0.162	93.082	0.513	94	94	95	0.266	0.1227	66.79	0.887
36	36	37	0.21	0.1383	42.361	0.7	95	95	96	0.266	0.1227	81.748	0.887
37	37	38	0.12	0.0789	51.653	0.4	96	96	97	0.266	0.1227	66.526	0.887
38	38	39	0.15	0.0987	57.965	0.5	97	97	98	0.233	0.115	15.96	0.777
39	39	40	0.15	0.0987	1205.1	0.5	98	98	99	0.496	0.138	60.48	1.653
40	40	41	0.24	0.1581	146.66	0.8	99	95	100	0.196	0.18	224.85	0.653
41	41	42	0.12	0.0789	56.608	0.4	100	100	101	0.196	0.18	367.42	0.653
42	42	43	0.405	0.1458	40.184	1.35	101	101	102	0.1866	0.122	11.7	0.622
43	43	44	0.405	0.1458	283.41	1.35	102	102	103	0.0746	0.318	30.392	0.249
44	44	45	0.405	0.1458	283.41	1.35	103	103	104	0.0746	0.318	30.392	0.249
45	30	46	0.33	0.194	55.134	1.1	104	1	105	0.0625	0.0265	47.572	0.208
46	46	47	0.31	0.194	38.998	1.033	105	105	106	0.1501	0.234	350.3	0.5
47	47	48	0.13	0.194	342.6	0.433	106	106	107	0.1347	0.0888	449.29	0.449
48	48	49	0.28	0.15	278.56	0.933	107	107	108	0.2307	0.1203	168.46	0.769
49	49	50	1.18	0.85	240.24	3.933	108	108	109	0.447	0.1608	134.25	1.49
50	50	51	0.42	0.2436	66.562	1.4	109	109	110	0.1632	0.0588	66.024	0.544
51	51	52	0.27	0.0972	39.76	0.9	110	110	111	0.33	0.099	83.647	1.1
52	52	53	0.339	0.1221	31.964	1.13	111	111	112	0.156	0.0561	419.34	0.52
53	53	54	0.27	0.1779	20.758	0.9	112	112	113	0.3819	0.1374	135.88	1.273
54	30	55	0.391	0.141	26.86	1.303	113	113	114	0.1626	0.0585	387.21	0.542
55	55	56	0.406	0.1461	88.38	1.353	114	114	115	0.3819	0.1374	173.46	1.273
56	56	57	0.406	0.1461	55.436	1.353	115	115	116	0.2445	0.0879	898.55	0.815

57	57	58	0.706	0.5461	332.4	2.353	116	116	117	0.2088	0.0753	215.37	0.696
58	58	59	0.338	0.1218	16.83	1.127	117	117	118	0.2301	0.0828	40.97	0.767
59	59	60	0.338	6	49.156	1.127	118	105	119	0.6102	0.2196	192.9	2.034



**OUAIL Mohamed** was born in Ain Defla in Algeria, on 16 march, 1991. He received the State Engineer degree and Master Degree in Electrical Engineering from Ecole Nationale Polytechnique (ENP), alger, Algeria in 2015-2016. He is currently an Ph.D student in university hassiba ben bouali chlef. His research interests are in the the Smart Grid and Distributed Generation, Renewable Energy, the Optimisation and stability of Distributed network.



**Matallah Mohamed** was born in Arib, Algeria, in 1961. He received his PhD in Electrical Engineering in 1991 at the University of Swansea, UK. He is currently working as an Associate Professor at the University of Khemis-Miliana, Algeria, and is a member of The LESI (Energies and Intelligent Systems) Laboratory. His research interests include Electrical Discharges in Gases and Electrical Power Networks, Distributed Generation and stability of Distributed network.



**A Kansab** was born in Mazouna, Algeria, in 1964. He received the doctorat degree, in Electrical Engineering from the University of Sciences and technology of Oran, Algeria, in 2008. He is currently working as an Associate Professor at the university of chlef and is a member in the LGEER Laboratory (Laboratoire Génie Electrique et Energies Renouvelables). His research interests include modeling and optimization in Electromagnetic systems and devices.